## HYPERTENSION: A NEGLECTED GLOBAL HEALTH CRISIS

## The race against a silent killer

Though it rarely causes symptoms, hypertension can lead to stroke, heart attack, heart failure, kidney damage and early death.

A new report from the World Health Organization shows that:


World Health Organization

- High blood pressure leads to more than

10 million deaths every year - that's one person dying every 3 seconds.

- The number of people with hypertension ${ }^{1}$ has doubled since 1990, from 650 million to 1.3 billion.
- Each year, more than 2 million deaths caused by high blood pressure can be linked to eating too much salt.
- The economic benefits of hypertension treatment outweigh costs by 18 to one.


## Who has hypertension?

- 1 in 3 in three adults worldwide has high blood pressure.
- Nearly half of all people with hypertension are undiagnosed.
- $80 \%$ of people with hypertension do not have it under control.
- Hypertension can strike in the prime of life. More than one third of deaths attributed to high blood pressure occur in adults under the age of 70 .

Just five countries account for half of all people living with hypertension in the world.


## Hypertension can be stopped.

## Controlling hypertension with daily medication can prevent heart attacks, strokes and early death.

- The WHO HEARTS technical package provides practical, cost-effective strategies for effective hypertension care at the primary care level.
- Worldwide, more than 17 million patients are enrolled in HEARTS programs - receiving care in some 35,000 facilities in more than 33 countries.
- In India, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Ethiopia, the rate of treated and controlled blood pressure improved from $18 \%$ at program outset to $46 \%$ in the first five years of implementing WHO HEARTS.


## Better hypertension management will save millions of lives.

Five proven strategies to effective hypertension care:


Simple, proven treatment protocols: standardized, evidence-based, drug-and dosespecific treatment protocols for the treatment of hypertension


Access to quality, affordable medications: uninterrupted supply of quality-assured drugs and of externally validated, automated digital blood pressure monitors


Team-based case and task-sharing: nurses, pharmacists, outreach workers, and others collaborating with clinicians to support patient care


Patient-centered care: reducing barriers to care through improved patient education, and treatment at convenient times and locations close to the patient's home or place of work


Information systems: establishing accurate and practical information systems that support frontline health care workers and enable longitudinal tracking of WHOrecommended data indicators for hypertension care

